The World in the Middle of the Twentieth Century: An Overview

United States

I. Harry S Truman, President 1945–1953

A. Economy: Labor problems; wage and price controls

B. Society: Segregation

C. Politics: McCarthyism (Sen. Joseph McCarthy, HUAC)

Soviet Union

I. Joseph V. Stalin, Party General Secretary, 1919–1953

A. Economy: Labor shortages; war-time devastation

B. Society: Gender differentiation

C. Politics: Hard-line anti-West (V. V. Zhdanov); Threatened purges

Europe

I. Germany (4 zones \rightarrow 2 countries)

II. Western Europe and the Marshall Plan

III. Eastern Europe: The Soviet Bloc

Latin America

I. Economic and Political Dependency

A. Economy: Wealth differential

B. Society: Racial differentiation

C. Politics: Dictatorships and military coups slowly giving way to democratic administrations

Africa

I. Emerging independent countries (Gold Coast —> Ghana, 1954)

Middle East

I. Arab-Israeli Conflict

II. Iran: Parliamentary elections, 1947; Mohammed Mossadegh nationalizes oil industry April 29, 1951

Southern Asia

I. India-Pakistan Relations

Far East

- I. Japan: American Occupation and General Douglas MacArthur
 - A. 1945–1950: Economic difficulties and the Dodge Plan
 - 1. Zaibatsu reorganized around their banks
 - 2. Joseph Dodge Detroit banker
 - a. goals: halt inflation, remove government controls over trade, bring economy back to full strength
 - b. measures: balanced budget; end subsidies; end lending by Reconstruction Finance Bank; fixed exchange rate for yen
 - B. 1950–1953: Economic revival during Korean War
- II. China
 - A. Establishment of People's Republic of China, October 1, 1949
- III. Korean War (1950–1953)
 - A. Korea divided after World War II at 38th parallel (Col. Dean Rusk)
 - B. Attempt to reunite Korea: June 25, 1950: North invades the South
 - 1. United Nations Resolution, June 27, 1950
 - 2. Soviet Union Boycott of Security Council of UN over Seating of China
 - 3. Furthest advance south of North Korean troops, September 15, 1950
 - 4. Furthest advance north of UN troops, November 25, 1950

IV. War in Vietnam (1945–1954)

- A. Ho Chi Minh declares Vietnam's Independence, 1945
- B. French reoccupation
 - 1. Battle of Dien Ben Phu (1954)
 - 2. Geneva Treaty (1954)
 - a. Temporary demarcation line at 17th parallel
 - b. Elections of a united Vietnam to be held within two years