## The World in the 1990s and 2000s: Between the Cold War and Terrorism

# I. The "Halcyon" Days of the 1990s

### II. Cases

- A. End of the Cold War Changes in Soviet Union/Russia and CIS
  - 1. Attempted Coup in Soviet Union (August 19–22, 1991)
    - a. Mikhail Gorbachev (1931–), General Secretary of CPSU (1985–1991)
    - b. Gennady Yanayev (1937–), Vice-President
    - c. Boris Yeltsin (1931–), President of Russia (1991–2000)
  - 2. End of Soviet Union (December 25, 1991)
  - 3. Bombing of White House October 1993 (Aleksandr Rutskoi)
  - 4. "Shock Therapy" Jeffrey Sachs

## B. New World Order

- 1. Persian Gulf War (August 2, 1990–February 28, 1991)
  - a. George H. W. Bush (1924–)(President of U.S., 1989–1993)
  - b. Saddam Hussein (1937–2006) (President of Iraq, 1979–2003)
  - c. Kuwait, Smart bombs, and Scud missiles
- 2. Battle of Mogadishu (October 3–4, 1993)
  - a. William Jefferson Clinton (1946–) (President of U.S., 1993–2001)
  - b. Somalia and the warlords
  - c. MH-60 Black Hawk helicopters
  - d. casualty figures and estimates

## C. Natural Disasters, NGOs, and IOs

- 1. Hurricane Mitch (category-5)
  - a. Honduras (October 27–30, 1998)
    - (1) 10,000 fatalities; 7,000 missing
    - (2) 80% of infrastructure affected
    - (3) Michael Glantz: "A failed attempt at disaster response by the international community"
  - b. Nicaragua
- 2. AIDS 1999:
  - a. 5.4 million new infections; 4 million in Africa;
  - b. 2.8 million deaths; 85% in Africa

### D. Genocides

- 1. Rwanda (April 6,–mid-July 1994)
  - a. Hutus *Interahamwe*, *Impuzamugambe*, President Habyarimana
  - b. Tutsis Rwanda Patriotic Front (RPF); Paul Kagame
  - c. UN UNAMIR, Lt.-General Roméo Dallaire
  - d. refugee camps (Goma, Zaire)
- 2. Serbia, Kosovo, and "Ethnic Cleansing"
  - a. Slobodan Milosovic (1941–2006)

- E. Nuclear Energy hundreds of nuclear power plants by 2000
  - 1. reactor accidents:
    - Three-Mile Island (March 26, 1979);
    - Chernobyl (April 26, 1986)
  - 2. problem of disposal of nuclear waste

# IV. Global Market and Computers

- A. Computers
  - 1. Mainframes
  - 2. Personal Computers (PCs)
    - a. Altair 8800 (1975)
    - b. Apple I (1976)
      - (1) Steve Jobs
      - (2) Steve Wozniak
    - c. Apple II (1977)
    - d. Commodore VIC-20 (1980)
    - e. IBM PC (introduced August 12, 1981)
    - f. Compaq
    - g. Apple MacIntosh (1984)
  - 3. Operating Systems
    - a. CP/M (Control Program for Microprocessors) (1973)
      - (1) Gary Kildall (1942–1994)
      - (2) Intergalactic Digital Research
    - b. QDOS (Quick and Dirty Operating System) (1980)
      - (1) Tim Patterson
    - c. MSDOS (Microsoft Disc Operating System) (1981)
    - d. Windows (1985)
    - e. UNIX
  - 4. Programs for PCs
- B. Globalization hypotheses
  - 1. "Clash of Cultures" Samuel Huntington (1927–2008), *The Clash of Cultures: The Remaking of the World Order* (1996)
  - 2. "The End of History" Francis Fukuyama (b. 1952), *The End of History and the Last Man* (1992)
  - 3. Global Marketplace Thomas L. Friedman (b. 1953) *The Lexus and the Olive Tree* (1998, 2000)
    - a. Golden Straitjacket
    - b. Electronic Herd
      - (1) Short-Horn Cattle
      - (2) Long-Horn Cattle
    - c. free-market democracies vs. free-market kleptocracies
    - d. transparent vs. non-transparent countries
    - e. connectivity
    - f. glocalism "revolution from beyond"

- 4. Oil, Drugs, the Environment, and China as an economic power
  - a. Al Gore and the Global Warming issue
  - b. U.S. "War on Drugs"
  - c. "Made in China"
- C. Proposition: The world didn't change on September 11, 2001; it was the perception of most Americans that changed
  - 1. September 11, 2001 attacks
    - a. Al Qaeda
      - Osama bin Laden
      - Khalid Sheikh Mohammed
    - b. number of hijackers = 19
      - 15 Saudis
      - 1 Lebanese
      - 2 from United Arab Emirates
      - 1 Egyptian
    - c. number of planes = 4
    - d. number of fatalities = 2974
      - -246 in the planes
      - 2603 in New York City (from 90 countries)
      - 125 at Pentagon (55 military personnel)
      - 24 missing
  - 2. Some previous terrorist attacks
    - Amman, Jordan PLO hijacking of four planes 1970
    - Munich Olympics 1972
    - Beirut airport U.S. Marine barracks bombing 1983
    - New York World Trade Center bombed 1993
    - Tokyo subway Aum Shinrikyu nerve-gas attack 1995
    - Oklahoma City federal office building 1995
    - Atlanta Olympics bomb 1996
    - U.S. Embassies bombed August 7, 1998
    - Moscow, Buinaksk, and Volgodonsk (Russia) Chechen terrorists –
      1999
    - Aden, Yemen USS *Cole* 2000
  - 3. Airport and airplane security
    - increased airport security
    - air marshals
    - computer-assisted passenger screening system